



Human GZMA blocking peptide (CDBP1447)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-GZMA antibody
Antigen Description	Cytolytic T lymphocytes (CTL) and natural killer (NK) cells share the remarkable ability to recognize, bind, and lyse specific target cells. They are thought to protect their host by lysing cells bearing on their surface 'nonself' antigens, usually peptides or proteins resulting from infection by intracellular pathogens. The protein described here is a T cell- and natural killer cell-specific serine protease that may function as a common component necessary for lysis of target cells by cytotoxic T lymphocytes and natural killer cells. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Species	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Apuri, BL, ELISA
Format	Lyophilized powder
Size	100 µg
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	GZMA granzyme A (granzyme 1, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated serine esterase 3) [Homo sapiens]
Official Symbol	GZMA
Synonyms	GZMA; granzyme A (granzyme 1, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated serine esterase 3);

CTLA3, HFSP; granzyme A; CTL tryptase; Granzyme A (Cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated serine esterase 3; Hanukah factor serine protease); HF; h factor; fragmentin-1; cytotoxic T-lymphocyte proteinase 1; Granzyme A (Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated serine esterase-3; Hanukah factor serine protease); HFSP; CTLA3;

Entrez Gene ID	3001
mRNA Refseq	NM_006144
Protein Refseq	NP_006135
UniProt ID	P12544
Chromosome Location	5q11-q12
Pathway	IL12-mediated signaling events, organism-specific biosystem; Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction, organism-specific biosystem; Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction, conserved biosystem;
Function	peptidase activity; protein binding; protein homodimerization activity; serine-type endopeptidase activity;
