



# Human CCL11 blocking peptide (CDBP1130)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-eotaxin antibody
<b>Antigen Description</b>	This gene is one of several chemokine genes clustered on the q-arm of chromosome 17. Chemokines form a superfamily of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The superfamily is divided into four subfamilies based on the arrangement of the N-terminal cysteine residues of the mature peptide. This chemokine, a member of the CC subfamily, displays chemotactic activity for eosinophils, but not mononuclear cells or neutrophils. This eosinophil-specific chemokine is thought to be involved in eosinophilic inflammatory diseases such as atopic dermatitis, allergic rhinitis, asthma and parasitic infections. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Apuri, BL, ELISA
<b>Format</b>	Lyophilized powder
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">CCL11 chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 11 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	CCL11

<b>Synonyms</b>	CCL11; chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 11; SCYA11; eotaxin; eotaxin-1; eosinophil chemotactic protein; small inducible cytokine subfamily A (Cys-Cys), member 11 (eotaxin);
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">6356</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_002986.2</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_002977.1</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	P51671
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	17q12
<b>Pathway</b>	Asthma, organism-specific biosystem; Asthma, conserved biosystem; CXCR3-mediated signaling events, organism-specific biosystem; Chemokine receptors bind chemokines, organism-specific biosystem; Chemokine signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Chemokine signaling pathway, conserved biosystem; Class A/1 (Rhodopsin-like receptors), organism-specific biosystem; Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, organism-specific biosystem; Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, conserved biosystem; G
<b>Function</b>	chemokine activity; protein binding;