



Human CCL3L1 blocking peptide (CDBP0724)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-CCL3L1 antibody
Antigen Description	This gene is one of several cytokine genes that are clustered on the q-arm of chromosome 17. Cytokines are a family of secreted proteins that function in inflammatory and immunoregulatory processes. The protein encoded by this gene binds to several chemokine receptors, including chemokine binding protein 2 and chemokine (C-C motif) receptor 5 (CCR5). CCR5 is a co-receptor for HIV, and binding of this protein to CCR5 inhibits HIV entry. The copy number of this gene varies among individuals, where most individuals have one to six copies, and a minority of individuals have zero or more than six copies. There are conflicting reports about copy number variation of this gene and its correlation to disease susceptibility. This record represents one of two copies that are present on the ALT_REF_LOCI_2 alternate haplotype of the GRCh38 human reference genome assembly. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants.
Species	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Apuri, BL, ELISA
Format	Lyophilized powder
Size	100 µg
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name [CCL3L1 chemokine \(C-C motif\) ligand 3-like 1 \[Homo sapiens \]](#)

Official Symbol	CCL3L1
Synonyms	CCL3L1; chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 3-like 1; D17S1718, SCYA3L, SCYA3L1, small inducible cytokine A3 like 1; C-C motif chemokine 3-like 1; G0S19 2; LD78BETA; PAT 464.2; LD78-beta(1-70); small inducible cytokine A3-like 1; small-inducible cytokine A3-like 1; G0/G1 switch regulatory protein 19-2; tonsillar lymphocyte LD78 beta protein; LD78; 464.2; MIP1AP; SCYA3L; G0S19-2; SCYA3L1; D17S1718; MGC12815; MGC104178; MGC182017;
Entrez Gene ID	6349
mRNA Refseq	NM_021006
Protein Refseq	NP_066286
UniProt ID	P16619
Chromosome Location	17q12
Pathway	Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis), organism-specific biosystem; Chagas disease (American trypanosomiasis), conserved biosystem; Chemokine receptors bind chemokines, organism-specific biosystem; Chemokine signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Chemokine signaling pathway, conserved biosystem; Class A/1 (Rhodopsin-like receptors), organism-specific biosystem; Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, organism-specific biosystem;