



Human CREBBP blocking peptide (CDBP0705)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-CREBBP antibody
Antigen Description	This gene is ubiquitously expressed and is involved in the transcriptional coactivation of many different transcription factors. First isolated as a nuclear protein that binds to cAMP-response element binding protein (CREB), this gene is now known to play critical roles in embryonic development, growth control, and homeostasis by coupling chromatin remodeling to transcription factor recognition. The protein encoded by this gene has intrinsic histone acetyltransferase activity and also acts as a scaffold to stabilize additional protein interactions with the transcription complex. This protein acetylates both histone and non-histone proteins. This protein shares regions of very high sequence similarity with protein p300 in its bromodomain, cysteine-histidine-rich regions, and histone acetyltransferase domain. Mutations in this gene cause Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome (RTS). Chromosomal translocations involving this gene have been associated with acute myeloid leukemia. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2009]
Species	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Apuri, BL, ELISA
Format	Lyophilized powder
Size	100 µg
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	CREBBP CREB binding protein [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	CREBBP
Synonyms	CREBBP; CREB binding protein; CBP; RSTS; KAT3A; CREB-binding protein;
Entrez Gene ID	1387
mRNA Refseq	NM_001079846.1
Protein Refseq	NP_001073315.1
UniProt ID	Q92793
Chromosome Location	16p13.3
Pathway	Activation of Gene Expression by SREBP (SREBF), organism-specific biosystem; Adherens junction, organism-specific biosystem; Adherens junction, conserved biosystem; Androgen receptor signaling pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Angiogenesis, organism-specific biosystem; BMAL1:CLOCK/NPAS2 Activates Circadian Expression, organism-specific biosystem; C-MYB transcription factor network, organism-specific biosystem; Cell cycle, organism-specific biosystem; Cell cycle, conserved biosystem; Cellular
Function	MRF binding; RNA polymerase II activating transcription factor binding; RNA polymerase II core promoter proximal region sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity involved in negative regulation of transcription; RNA polymerase II transcr