



Human CBL blocking peptide (CDBP0703)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-CBL antibody
Antigen Description	This gene is a proto-oncogene that encodes a RING finger E3 ubiquitin ligase. The encoded protein is one of the enzymes required for targeting substrates for degradation by the proteasome. This protein mediates the transfer of ubiquitin from ubiquitin conjugating enzymes (E2) to specific substrates. This protein also contains an N-terminal phosphotyrosine binding domain that allows it to interact with numerous tyrosine-phosphorylated substrates and target them for proteasome degradation. As such it functions as a negative regulator of many signal transduction pathways. This gene has been found to be mutated or translocated in many cancers including acute myeloid leukaemia. Mutations in this gene are also the cause of Noonan syndrome-like disorder. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2012]
Species	Human
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	Apuri, BL, ELISA
Format	Lyophilized powder
Size	100 µg
Preservative	None
Storage	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	CBL Cbl proto-oncogene, E3 ubiquitin protein ligase [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	CBL

Synonyms	CBL; Cbl proto-oncogene, E3 ubiquitin protein ligase; CBL2; NSLL; C-CBL; RNF55; FRA11B; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL; oncogene CBL2; proto-oncogene c-Cbl; RING finger protein 55; signal transduction protein CBL; casitas B-lineage lymphoma proto-oncogene; fragile site, folic acid type, rare, fra(11)(q23.3); Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic retroviral transforming sequence;
Entrez Gene ID	867
mRNA Refseq	NM_005188.3
Protein Refseq	NP_005179.2
UniProt ID	P22681
Chromosome Location	11q23.3
Pathway	Adaptive Immune System, organism-specific biosystem; Antigen Activates B Cell Receptor Leading to Generation of Second Messengers, organism-specific biosystem; B Cell Receptor Signaling Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells, organism-specific biosystem; Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells, conserved biosystem; CDC42 signaling events, organism-specific biosystem; Chronic myeloid leukemia, organism-specific biosystem; Chronic myeloid leukemia, conserved bi
Function	SH3 domain binding; calcium ion binding; ephrin receptor binding; phosphotyrosine binding; protein binding; sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity; signal transducer activity; ubiquitin-protein ligase activity; zinc ion binding;
