



## Human CNR2 blocking peptide (CDBP0670)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

### PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-Cannabinoid Receptor 2 antibody
<b>Antigen Description</b>	The cannabinoid delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol is the principal psychoactive ingredient of marijuana. The proteins encoded by this gene and the cannabinoid receptor 1 (brain) (CNR1) gene have the characteristics of a guanine nucleotide-binding protein (G-protein)-coupled receptor for cannabinoids. They inhibit adenylate cyclase activity in a dose-dependent, stereoselective, and pertussis toxin-sensitive manner. These proteins have been found to be involved in the cannabinoid-induced CNS effects (including alterations in mood and cognition) experienced by users of marijuana. The cannabinoid receptors are members of family 1 of the G-protein-coupled receptors. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	Apuri, BL, ELISA
<b>Format</b>	Lyophilized powder
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.

### GENE INFORMATION

<b>Gene Name</b>	<a href="#">CNR2 cannabinoid receptor 2 (macrophage) [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>
<b>Official Symbol</b>	CNR2

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<b>Synonyms</b>	CNR2; cannabinoid receptor 2 (macrophage); CB2; CX5; CB-2; cannabinoid receptor 2; testis-dominant CNR2 isoform CB2;
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">1269</a>
<b>mRNA Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NM_001841.2</a>
<b>Protein Refseq</b>	<a href="#">NP_001832.1</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	P34972
<b>Chromosome Location</b>	1p36.11
<b>Pathway</b>	Class A/1 (Rhodopsin-like receptors), organism-specific biosystem; G alpha (i) signalling events, organism-specific biosystem; GPCR downstream signaling, organism-specific biosystem; GPCR ligand binding, organism-specific biosystem; GPCRs, Class A Rhodopsin-like, organism-specific biosystem; Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction, organism-specific biosystem; Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction, conserved biosystem; Signal Transduction, organism-specific biosystem; Signaling by GPCR, organi
<b>Function</b>	cannabinoid receptor activity;

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