



# Human BAK1 blocking peptide (CDBP0567)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Product Overview</b>    | Blocking/Immunizing peptide for anti-BAK1 antibody   |
| <b>Antigen Description</b> | The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL2 protein family. BCL2 family members form oligomers or heterodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. This protein localizes to mitochondria, and functions to induce apoptosis. It interacts with and accelerates the opening of the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel, which leads to a loss in membrane potential and the release of cytochrome c. This protein also interacts with the tumor suppressor P53 after exposure to cell stress. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| <b>Species</b>             | Human  |
| <b>Conjugate</b>           | Unconjugated   |
| <b>Applications</b>        | Apuri, BL, ELISA   |
| <b>Format</b>              | Lyophilized powder   |
| <b>Size</b>                | 100 µg   |
| <b>Preservative</b>        | None   |
| <b>Storage</b>             | Shipped at ambient temperature, store at -20°C.  |

## GENE INFORMATION

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| <b>Gene Name</b>       | <a href="#">BAK1 BCL2-antagonist/killer 1 [ Homo sapiens (human) ]</a>        |
| <b>Official Symbol</b> | BAK1  |
| <b>Synonyms</b>        | BAK1; BCL2-antagonist/killer 1; BAK; CDN1; BCL2L7; BAK-LIKE; bcl-2 homologous |

antagonist/killer; bcl2-L-7; BCL2-like 7 protein; bcl-2-like protein 7; apoptosis regulator BAK;  
pro-apoptotic protein BAK;

|                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Entrez Gene ID      | <a href="#">578</a>  |
| mRNA Refseq         | <a href="#">NM_001188.3</a>  |
| Protein Refseq      | <a href="#">NP_001179.1</a>  |
| UniProt ID          | Q16611   |
| Chromosome Location | 6p21.3   |
| Pathway             | Activation and oligomerization of BAK protein, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; Apoptosis Modulation and Signaling, organism-specific biosystem; DNA damage response (only ATM dependent), organism-specific biosystem; Direct p53 effectors, organism-specific biosystem; Integrated Breast Cancer Pathway, organism-specific biosystem; Intrinsic Pathway for Apoptosis, organism-specific biosystem; MicroRNAs in cancer, organism-sp |
| Function            | BH domain binding; chaperone binding; heat shock protein binding; identical protein binding; metal ion binding; protein binding; protein heterodimerization activity; protein homodimerization activity;   |