



Mouse Anti-Human IL17 monoclonal antibody, clone NN36 (CABT-ZB821)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Specificity	It reacts with Human IL17
Target	IL17
Immunogen	Recombinant Human IL17A/IL-17A/IL17 Protein
Isotype	IgG1
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Human
Clone	NN36
Purification	Protein A purified
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	ELISA(cap) We recommend the following for sandwich ELISA (Capture - Detection): CABT-ZB821 - CABT-ZB1111 This antibody will detect IL17 in antibody pair set. [ABPR-ZB402]
Preparation	This antibody was produced from a hybridoma resulting from the fusion of a mouse myeloma with B cells obtained from a mouse immunized with purified, recombinant Human IL17A/IL-17A/IL17. The IgG fraction of the cell culture supernatant was purified by Protein A affinity chromatography.
Format	Purified, Liquid
Concentration	Lot specific

Size	50 µL, 100 µL, 200 µL, 1 mL
Buffer	PBS
Preservative	None
Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Ship	Wet ice

BACKGROUND

Introduction	IL17, also known as IL17a, is a cytokine that belongs to the IL-17 family. Cytokines are proteinaceous signaling compounds that are major mediators of the immune response. They control many different cellular functions including proliferation, differentiation, and cell survival/apoptosis but are also involved in several pathophysiological processes including viral infections and autoimmune diseases. Cytokines are synthesized under various stimuli by a variety of cells of both the innate (monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells) and adaptive (T- and B-cells) immune systems. The IL-17 family of cytokines includes six members, IL-17/IL-17A, IL-17B, IL-17C, IL-17D, IL-17E/IL-25, and IL-17F, which are produced by multiple cell types. IL-17 regulates the activities of NF-kappaB and mitogen-activated protein kinases. This cytokine can stimulate the expression of IL6 and cyclooxygenase-2 (PTGS2/COX-2), as well as enhance the production of nitric oxide (NO). High levels of IL-17 are associated with several chronic inflammatory diseases including rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, and multiple sclerosis.
Keywords	IL17RA; interleukin 17 receptor A; IL17R, interleukin 17 receptor; interleukin-17 receptor A

GENE INFORMATION

Synonyms	IL17RA; interleukin 17 receptor A; IL17R, interleukin 17 receptor; interleukin-17 receptor A; CD217; CDw217; hIL 17R; IL 17RA; IL-17 receptor A; IL17R; CANDF5; IL-17RA; hIL-17R; FLJ32274; FLJ36453; MGC10262; Brodalumab; 1174395-19-7
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UniProt ID	Q96F46