



Rabbit Anti-Human CNTN5 monoclonal antibody, clone S135 (CABT-ZB601)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Specificity	It reacts with Human CNTN5
Target	CNTN5
Immunogen	Recombinant Human Contactin 5/CNTN5 Protein
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human
Clone	S135
Purification	Protein A purified
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	ELISA(cap) We recommend the following for sandwich ELISA (Capture - Detection): CABT-ZB601 - CABT-ZB952 This antibody will detect CNTN5 in antibody pair set. [ABPR-ZB179]
Preparation	This antibody was obtained from a rabbit immunized with purified, recombinant Human Contactin 5 / CNTN5.
Format	Purified, Liquid
Concentration	Lot specific
Size	50 µL, 100 µL, 1 mL

Buffer	PBS
Preservative	None
Storage	This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Ship	Wet ice

BACKGROUND

Introduction	<p>Contactins are a subgroup of molecules belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily that are expressed mainly in the nervous system. The subgroup consists of six members: Contactin-1, Contactin-2(TAG-1), Contactin-3(BIG-1), BIG-2, Contactin-5(NB-2) and NB-3. Since their identification in the late 1980s, Contactin-1 and Contactin-2 have been studied extensively. Axonal expression and the neurite extension activity of Contactin-1 and Contactin-2 attracted researchers to study the function of these molecules in axon guidance during development. Contactin-1 and Contactin-2 have come to be known as the principal molecules in the function and maintenance of myelinated neurons. In contrast, the function of the other four members of this subgroup remained unknown until recently. Contactin-5, also known as NB-2, is one of the neural recognition molecules in the contactin subgroup. Contactin-5 is expressed in brain and kidney and at very low level in placenta. In brain, Contactin-5 is highly expressed in the occipital lobe, amygdala, cerebral cortex, frontal lobe, thalamus and temporal lobe. Mice deficient in the Contactin-5 gene exhibit aberrant responses to acoustic stimuli. Contactin-5 may play a role in maturation of glutamatergic synapses in the brainstem during the final stages of auditory development. Contactin-5 gene may contribute to human neurological disorders.</p>
Keywords	CNTN5; contactin 5; contactin-5; hNB 2

GENE INFORMATION

Synonyms	CNTN5; contactin 5; contactin-5; hNB 2; NB 2; HNB 2s; Neural recognition molecule NB 2; hNB 2; NB 2; neural adhesion molecule; neural recognition molecule NB-2; NB-2; HNB-2s
Entrez Gene ID	53942
UniProt ID	O94779