



# Mouse Anti-Human GDF15 monoclonal antibody, clone NN10 (CABT-ZB452)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Specificity</b>	It reacts with Human GDF15
<b>Target</b>	GDF15
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant Human GDF15/MIC-1 Protein
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Clone</b>	NN10
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A purified
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA(cap) We recommend the following for sandwich ELISA (Capture - Detection): CABT-ZB452 - CABT-ZB845 This antibody will detect GDF15 in antibody pair set. [ABPR-ZB026]
<b>Preparation</b>	This antibody was produced from a hybridoma resulting from the fusion of a mouse myeloma with B cells obtained from a mouse immunized with purified, recombinant Human GDF15/MIC-1. The IgG fraction of the cell culture supernatant was purified by Protein A affinity chromatography.
<b>Format</b>	Purified, Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	Lot specific

<b>Size</b>	50 $\mu$ L, 100 $\mu$ L, 200 $\mu$ L, 1 mL
<b>Buffer</b>	PBS
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	Growth-differentiation factor 15 (GDF15), also known as MIC-1, is a secreted member of the transforming growth factor (TGF)- $\beta$ superfamily, as a novel antihypertrophic regulatory factor in the heart. GDF-15/GDF15 is not expressed in the normal adult heart but is induced in response to conditions that promote hypertrophy and dilated cardiomyopathy and it is expressed highly in liver. GDF-15/GDF15 has a role in regulating inflammatory and apoptotic pathways in injured tissues and during disease processes. GDF-15/GDF15 is synthesized as precursor molecules that are processed at a dibasic cleavage site to release C-terminal domains containing a characteristic motif of 7 conserved cysteines in the mature protein. GDF-15/GDF15 overexpression arising from an expanded erythroid compartment contributes to iron overload in thalassemia syndromes by inhibiting hepcidin expression.
<b>Keywords</b>	GDF15; growth differentiation factor 15; PDF; MIC1

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Synonyms</b>	GDF15; growth differentiation factor 15; PDF; MIC1; PLAB; MIC-1; NAG-1; PTGFB; GDF-15; growth/differentiation factor 15
<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">9518</a>
<b>UniProt ID</b>	<a href="#">Q99988</a>