



Rabbit Anti-Canine CTLA4 Polyclonal Antibody (CABT-NS1662)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Specificity	Canine CTLA-4/CD152
Target	CTLA4
Immunogen	Recombinant Canine CTLA-4/CD152 protein
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Canine
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	ELISA Recommended dilution: ELISA: 0.5-1.0 μg/mL. This antibody can be used at 0.5-1.0 μg/mL with the appropriate secondary reagents to detect Canine CTLA-4/CD152. The detection limit for Canine CTLA-4 / CD152 is <0.039 ng/well. Each laboratory should determine an optimum working titer for use in its particular application. Other applications have not been tested but use in such assays should not necessarily be excluded.
Format	Liquid, Purified
Size	50 μΙ, 100 μΙ, 200 μΙ
Buffer	0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with 5% trehalose
Preservative	None

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Storage

This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free.Sodium azide is recommended to avoid contamination (final concentration 0.05%-0.1%). It is toxic to cells and should be disposed of properly. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

BACKGROUND

Introduction

Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4, also known as CTLA4 and CD152, is a single-pass type I membrane protein and a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. It is the second member of the CD28 receptor family. The ligands or counterreceptors for these two proteins are the B7 family members, CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2). CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T cells and may play an important role in their functions. CD152 or cytotoxic T lymphocyte antigen-4 (CTLA-4) is an essential receptor involved in the negative regulation of T cell activation. Because of its profound inhibitory role, CD152 has been considered a sound susceptible candidate in autoimmunity and a persuasive target for cancer immunotherapy. In particular, recent evidence suggests that CD152 is also important in the homeostasis and function of a population of suppressive cells, termed regulatory T cells (Treg).

Keywords

CTLA4; cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4; CD; GSE; GRD4; ALPS5; CD152; CTLA-4; IDDM12; CELIAC3; cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4; CD152 isoform; celiac disease 3; insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus 12; cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated serine esterase-4; cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated antigen 4 short spliced form; ligand and transmembrane spliced cytotoxic T lymphocyte associated antigen 4;

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