



# Rabbit Anti-CTTN monoclonal antibody, clone TD72-19 (CABT-L719)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Target</b>	Cortactin
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant protein
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Clone</b>	TD72-19
<b>Purification</b>	Protein A purified.
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB, ICC/IF, IHC, IP, FC
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	75 kDa
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Cytoplasm, Cell projection, Membrane.
<b>Positive Control</b>	NIH/3T3, A431, Hela, PC-3M, mouse colon tissue, human tonsil tissue, human breast carcinoma tissue.
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Size</b>	100 µl
<b>Buffer</b>	1×TBS (pH7.4), 1% BSA, 40% Glycerol.

<b>Preservative</b>	0.05% Sodium Azide
<b>Storage</b>	Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	Cortactin (also designated Ems-1) is a filamentous Actin (F-Actin) binding protein that has been shown to be a substrate for Src p60. Cortactin contains tandem 37 amino acid repeats at the amino-terminus and an SH3 domain at the carboxy-terminus. The tandem repeats appear to be necessary for F-Actin binding. Tyrosine phosphorylation of Cortactin by Src p60 results in diminished F-Actin binding to Cortactin and reduced F-Actin cross-linking activity. Cortactin has also been shown to be phosphorylated in response to FGF-1. Cortactin exhibits abundant expression in megakaryocytes and platelets, and it may play a role in the maturation of megakaryocytes.
<b>Keywords</b>	Amplaxin;CTTN;EMS 1;EMS1;FLJ34459;Mammary tumor and squamous cell carcinoma associated;Oncogene EMS1;p80/85 src substrate;Src substrate cortactin;SRC8_HUMAN antibody