



# Rabbit Anti-AKT1/2/3 monoclonal antibody, clone TU59-10 (CABT-L674)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Target	AKT1/2/3
Immunogen	Recombinant protein
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Rabbit
Species Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clone	TU59-10
Purification	Protein A purified.
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB, ICC/IF, IHC, IP, FC
Molecular Weight	56 kDa
Cellular Localization	Nucleus, Cytoplasm, Membrane.
Positive Control	A549, MCF-7, CRC, SH-SY-5Y, mouse heart tissue, human kidney tissue, mouse brain tissue, mouse kidney tissue.
Format	Liquid
Size	100 µl
Buffer	1×TBS (pH7.4), 1% BSA, 40% Glycerol.

<b>Preservative</b>	0.05% Sodium Azide
<b>Storage</b>	Store at +4°C after thawing. Aliquot store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	<p>The serine/threonine kinase Akt family contains several members, including Akt1 (also designated PKB or RacPK), Akt2 (also designated PKB<math>\beta</math> or RacPK-<math>\beta</math>) and Akt 3 (also designated PKB<math>\gamma</math> or thymoma viral proto-oncogene 3), which exhibit sequence homology with the protein kinase A and C families and are encoded by the c-Akt proto-oncogene. All members of the Akt family have a pleckstrin homology domain. Akt1 and Akt2 are activated by PDGF stimulation. This activation is dependent on PDGFR-<math>\beta</math> tyrosine residues 740 and 751, which bind the subunit of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI 3-kinase) complex. Activation of Akt1 by insulin or insulin-growth factor-1(IGF-1) results in phosphorylation of both Thr 308 and Ser 473. Phosphorylation of both residues is important to generate a high level of Akt1 activity, and the phosphorylation of Thr 308 is not dependent on phosphorylation of Ser 473 in vivo. Thus, Akt proteins become phosphorylated and activated in insulin/IGF-1-stimulated cells by an upstream kinase(s). The activation of Akt1 and Akt2 is inhibited by the PI kinase inhibitor wortmannin, suggesting that the protein signals downstream of the PI kinases.</p>
<b>Keywords</b>	<p>AKT;AKT1;AKT1 kinase;AKT1m;AKT2;AKT2 kinase;Akt3;AKT3_HUMAN;CAKT;CWS6;DKFZp434N0250;HIHGHH;kinase Akt1;MGC99656;MPPH;Murine thymoma viral (v-akt) homolog 2;PKB ALPHA;PKB;PKB beta;PKB gamma;PKB-GAMMA;PKB/Akt;PKBALPHA;PKBB;PKBBETA;PKBG;PKBGAMMA;PRKBA;PRKBB;PRKBG;Protein kinase Akt 2;Protein kinase Akt-3;Protein kinase B alpha;Protein kinase B;Protein kinase B beta;Protein kinase B gamma;Proto oncogene c Akt;RAC ALPHA;RAC alpha serine/threonine protein kinase;RAC;RAC BETA;RAC beta serine/threonine protein kinase;RAC PK alpha;RAC PK beta;rac protein kinase alpha;rac protein kinase beta;RAC-gamma;RAC-gamma serine/threonine protein kinase;RAC-PK-gamma;RACALPHA;RACalpha serine/threonine kinase;RACBETA;RACgamma;RACgamma serine/threonine protein kinase;RACPKgamma;serine threonine protein kinase;STK-2;STK2;thymoma viral proto oncogene 1;thymoma viral proto oncogene;V akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 1;V akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 2;V akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 3 (protein kinase B, gamma);V akt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 3;vakt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 1;vakt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 2;vakt murine thymoma viral oncogene homolog 3 antibody</p>

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Entrez Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">841</a>
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