



# Mouse Anti-Human HMGB1 monoclonal antibody, clone 20O21C8 (CABT-L4594)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Immunogen</b>	full length recombinant human HMGB1
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG2b, κ
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Clone</b>	20O21C8
<b>Purification</b>	Protein G purified
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	FC, IHC-P, WB
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	Lot specific
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Buffer</b>	PBS containing 0.05% BSA and 0.05% sodium azide
<b>Preservative</b>	0.05% sodium azide
<b>Storage</b>	At -20°C
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

## BACKGROUND

**Introduction**

High Mobility Group Protein B1 (HMGB1) belongs to the HMGB family and contains two HMG box DNA-binding domains. It is a highly conserved, ubiquitous protein present in the nuclei and cytoplasm of nearly all cell types, and is a necessary and sufficient mediator of inflammation during sterile and infection-associated responses. HMGB1 also act as DNA nuclear binding protein that has recently been shown to be an early trigger of sterile inflammation in animal models of trauma-hemorrhage via the activation of the Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) and the receptor for the advanced glycation endproducts (RAGE). It is reported that the level of HMGB1 is elevated during sterile tissue injury, infection, lethal endotoxemia or sepsis, collagen-induced arthritis, and ischemia-reperfusion induced tissue injury.

**Keywords**

High Mobility Group Protein B1;HMG1