



# Rat Anti-Mouse CD4 Monoclonal antibody, clone GK1.5 (CABT-L4314)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Product Overview</b>	The GK1.5 monoclonal antibody reacts with the mouse CD4. The CD4 antigen is a 55 kDa cell surface type I membrane glycoprotein belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily.
<b>Target</b>	Mouse CD4
<b>Immunogen</b>	Mouse CTL clone V4
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG2b, K
<b>Source/Host</b>	Rat
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Mouse
<b>Clone</b>	GK1.5
<b>Purification</b>	Protein G purified. Purity>95%. Determined by SDS-PAGE
<b>Conjugate</b>	Functional Grade
<b>Applications</b>	in vivo CD4+ T cell depletion, FC, WB
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	150 kDa
<b>Format</b>	0.2 µM filtered liquid. Purified from tissue culture supernatant in an animal free facility
<b>Concentration</b>	Lot specific
<b>Size</b>	5 mg
<b>Buffer</b>	PBS, pH 6.5. Contains no stabilizers or preservatives. [low endotoxin azide-free]

Endotoxin level: <1EU/mg (<0.001EU/µg). Determined by LAL gel clotting assay  
Related dilution buffer: CABT-LB02

<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	The GK1.5 monoclonal antibody reacts with the mouse CD4. The CD4 antigen is a 55 kDa cell surface type I membrane glycoprotein belonging to the immunoglobulin superfamily. CD4 acts as a co-receptor which in cooperation with the T cell receptor (TCR) interacts with class II MHC molecules displayed by antigen presenting cells (APC). CD4 is expressed by the majority of thymocytes, most helper T cells, a subset of NK-T cells and weakly by dendritic cells and macrophages. CD4 plays an important role in the development of T cells and is required for mature T cells to function optimally. The GK1.5 antibody has been shown to compete with clones YTS 177 and YTS 191 for CD4 binding.
<b>Keywords</b>	CD4;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4;cell surface glycoprotein CD4;T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3;

## GENE INFORMATION

<b>Official Symbol</b>	CD4 molecule
<b>Synonyms</b>	CD4; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4; cell surface glycoprotein CD4; T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3;
<b>References</b>	Balogh, K. N., et al. (2018). "Macrophage Migration Inhibitory Factor protects cancer cells from immunogenic cell death and impairs anti-tumor immune responses." <i>PLoS One</i> 13(6): e0197702. PubMed;Zander, R. A., et al. (2015). "PD-1 Co-inhibitory and OX40 Co-stimulatory Crosstalk Regulates Helper T Cell Differentiation and Anti-Plasmodium Humoral Immunity." <i>Cell Host Microbe</i> 17(5): 628-641. PubMed;Church, S. E., et al. (2014). "Tumor-specific CD4+ T cells maintain effector and memory tumor-specific CD8+ T cells." <i>Eur J Immunol</i> 44(1): 69-79. PubMed;Krupnick, A. S., et al. (2014). "Central memory CD8+ T lymphocytes mediate lung allograft acceptance." <i>J Clin Invest</i> 124(3): 1130-1143. PubMed;Uddin, M. N., et al. (2014). "TNF-alpha-dependent hematopoiesis following Bcl11b deletion in T cells restricts metastatic melanoma." <i>J Immunol</i> 192(4): 1946-1953. PubMed