



Mouse Anti-Human p53 monoclonal antibody, clone JID164 (CABT-L2805)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product Overview	This antibody is intended for qualified laboratories to qualitatively identify by light microscopy the presence of associated antigens in sections of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections using IHC test methods.
Specificity	Human p53
Isotype	IgG
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Human
Clone	JID164
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	IHC
Reconstitution	The prediluted antibody does not require any mixing, dilution, reconstitution, or titration; the antibody is ready-to-use and optimized for staining. The concentrated antibody requires dilution in the optimized buffer, to the recommended working dilution range.
Positive Control	Colon Carcinoma
Format	Liquid
Size	Predilute: 7 ml, Concentrate: 100 µl, Concentrate: 1 ml
Buffer	Predilute: Antibody Diluent Buffer Concentrate: Tris Buffer, pH 7.3 - 7.7, with 1% BSA

Preservative	< 0.1% Sodium Azide
Storage	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.
Ship	Wet ice

BACKGROUND

Introduction	p53, also known as tumor protein 53 or TP53, is a tumor suppressor and transcription factor that functions in a number of anti-cancer activities including DNA repair, cell-cycle arrest, and apoptosis in response to DNA damage or other stressors. Mutations in p53 are linked to a number of malignant tumors, including those of the breast, ovarian, bladder, colon, lung, and melanoma. Anti-p53 staining has been used to detect intratubular germ cell neoplasia, and also to distinguish between uterine serous carcinoma and endometrioid carcinoma.
Keywords	TP53;tumor protein p53;P53;BCC7;LFS1;TRP53;cellular tumor antigen p53;antigen NY-CO-13;tumor protein 53;phosphoprotein p53;p53 tumor suppressor;mutant tumor protein 53;transformation-related protein 53;

GENE INFORMATION

Gene Name	TP53 tumor protein p53 [Homo sapiens (human)]
Official Symbol	TP53
Synonyms	TP53; tumor protein p53; P53; BCC7; LFS1; TRP53; cellular tumor antigen p53; antigen NY-CO-13; tumor protein 53; phosphoprotein p53; p53 tumor suppressor; mutant tumor protein 53; transformation-related protein 53;
Entrez Gene ID	7157
Protein Refseq	NP_000537
UniProt ID	K7PPA8
Chromosome Location	17p13.1
Pathway	AMPK signaling; Activation of BH3-only proteins; Activation of NOXA and translocation to mitochondria; Activation of PUMA and translocation to mitochondria; Alzheimers Disease; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS); Apoptosis; Aurora A signaling;
Function	ATP binding; DNA binding; MDM2/MDM4 family protein binding; RNA polymerase II core promoter proximal region sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity involved in positive regulation of transcription; RNA polymerase II core promoter sequence-specific DNA binding; RNA polymerase II transcription factor binding; RNA polymerase II transcription

regulatory region sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity involved in positive regulation of transcription; chaperone binding; chromatin binding; copper ion binding; core promoter sequence-specific DNA binding; damaged DNA binding; enzyme binding; histone acetyltransferase binding; histone deacetylase regulator activity; identical protein binding; p53 binding; protease binding; protein N-terminus binding; protein binding; protein heterodimerization activity; protein kinase binding; protein phosphatase 2A binding; protein phosphatase binding; receptor tyrosine kinase binding; sequence-specific DNA binding RNA polymerase II transcription factor activity; sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity; transcription factor binding; transcription regulatory region DNA binding; ubiquitin protein ligase binding; zinc ion binding;
