



Anti-BHV-1/IBR polyclonal antibody (CABT-BL8916)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

| Specificity | Does not react with other common bovine viruses. |
|--------------------|--|
| Immunogen | Bovine hepesvirus Type 1 (BHV-1/IBR) |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Source/Host | Goat |
| Species Reactivity | Bovine Rhinotracheitis virus |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |
| Applications | IFA |
| Size | 2 ml |
| Buffer | 0.09% sodium azide |
| Preservative | 0.09% Sodium Azide |
| Storage | Store at 2-7°C. Do not freeze! |

BACKGROUND

Introduction Bovine herpesvirus 1 (BoHV-1) is a virus of the family Herpesviridae and the subfamily

Alphaherpesvirinae, known to cause several diseases worldwide in cattle, including rhinotracheitis, vaginitis, balanoposthitis, abortion, conjunctivitis, and enteritis. BoHV-1 is also a contributing factor in shipping fever, also known as bovine respiratory disease (BRD). It is spread horizontally through sexual contact, artificial insemination, and aerosol transmission and

45-1 Ramsey Road, Shirley, NY 11967, USA

Email: info@creative-diagnostics.com

Tel: 1-631-624-4882 Fax: 1-631-938-8221

it may also be transmitted vertically across the placenta. BoHV-1 can cause both clinical and subclinical infections, depending on the virulence of the strain. Although these symptoms are mainly non-life-threatening it is an economically important disease as infection may cause a drop in production and affect trade restrictions. Like other herpesviruses, BoHV-1 causes a lifelong latent infection and sporadic shedding of the virus. The sciatic nerve and trigeminal nerve are the sites of latency. A reactivated latent carrier is normally the source of infection in a herd. The clinical signs displayed are dependent on the virulence of the strain. There is a vaccine available which reduces the severity and incidence of disease. Some countries in Europe have successfully eradicated the disease by applying a strict culling policy. Infection can occur in cattle of any age, but it is most commonly seen between the ages of 6 and 18 months.