



Mouse anti-Human ATP6V1E1 monoclonal antibody, clone 5F22 (CABT-B9820)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Immunogen	ATP6V1E1 (AAH04443, 1 a.a. ~ 227 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.
Isotype	IgG2a
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Human
Clone	5F22
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB, IF, sELISA, ELISA
Sequence Similarities	MALSDADVQKQIKHMMAFIEQEANEKAEEIDAKAEEEFNIEKGRDVQTQRLKIMEYYEKK EKQIEQQKKIQMSNLMNQARLKVLRARDDLTDLNEAKQRLSKVVKDTRYQVLLDGLV LQGLYQLEPRMIVRCRKQDFPLVKAAVQKAIPMYKIATKNDVDVQIDQESYLPEDIAGG VEIYNGDRKIKVSNTLESRLDIAQQMMPEVRGALFGANANRKFLD
Format	Liquid
Size	100 µg
Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.2
Storage	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

BACKGROUND

Introduction

This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A, three B, and two G subunits, as well as a C, D, E, F, and H subunit. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. This gene encodes alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different V1 domain E subunit isoforms. Pseudogenes for this gene have been found in the genome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Keywords

ATP6V1E1; ATPase, H⁺ transporting, lysosomal 31kDa, V1 subunit E1; P31; Vma4; ATP6E; ATP6E2; ATP6V1E; V-type proton ATPase subunit E 1; V-ATPase, subunit E; V-ATPase subunit E 1; V-ATPase 31 kDa subunit; vacuolar proton pump subunit E 1; H⁺-transporting ATP synthase chain E, vacuolar; H(+)-transporting two-sector ATPase, 31kDa subunit;

GENE INFORMATION

Entrez Gene ID

[529](#)

UniProt ID

[A8MUE4](#)

Pathway

Collecting duct acid secretion, organism-specific biosystem; Collecting duct acid secretion, conserved biosystem; Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, organism-specific biosystem; Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, conserved biosystem; Insulin receptor recycling, organism-specific biosystem; Iron uptake and transport, organism-specific biosystem

Function

ATP binding; hydrogen ion transporting ATP synthase activity, rotational mechanism; hydrogen-exporting ATPase activity, phosphorylative mechanism; hydrolase activity; protein binding; proton-transporting ATPase activity, rotational mechanism