



# Mouse anti-Mouse GluR $\delta 2$ monoclonal antibody, clone 59 (CABT-B9210)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Immunogen</b>	Mouse GluR $\delta 2$ aa. 665-786
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Rat, Mouse
<b>Clone</b>	59
<b>Purification</b>	The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB; IHC
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	250 $\mu$ g/ml
<b>Size</b>	50 $\mu$ g
<b>Buffer</b>	Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide.
<b>Storage</b>	Store undiluted at -20°C.

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	Glutamate is a major excitatory neurotransmitter of the CNS. The diversity of glutamate is
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exemplified by two distinct groups of receptors: ionotropic and metabotropic. Ionotropic receptors are ligand-gated cation channels. They can be subdivided into two classes: NMDA and AMPA/kainate receptors. GluR 62 exhibits only 25% amino acid identity to either ionotropic receptor type. It presents selective and abundant expression in cerebellar Purkinje cells. It is targeted to a subset of Purkinje cell spines and is coexpressed with ionotropic receptors. GluR 62 is involved in motor coordination, Purkinje cell synapse formation, and cerebellar long-term depression (LTD). The latter is a decrease in the efficacy of the synaptic transmission between parallel fibers and Purkinje neurons and is a cellular basis of motor learning. In fact, mGluR 62-deficient mice lack LTD. Additionally, an amino acid substitution in transmembrane III of 62 is responsible for the neurodegeneration seen in Lurcher mice. This substitution is a gain of function mutation that results in disruption of Purkinje membrane potential. Thus, GluR 62 is an important regulatory component of the Purkinje GluR channel.

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<b>Keywords</b>	GRID2; glutamate receptor, ionotropic, delta 2; GluD2; glutamate receptor ionotropic, delta-2; gluR delta-2 subunit; glutamate receptor delta-2 subunit;
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## GENE INFORMATION

Entrez Gene ID [2895](#)

UniProt ID [O43424](#)

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