



# Anti-MYD88 polyclonal antibody (CABT-B8817)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Immunogen</b>	A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human MYD88, different from the related rat and mouse sequences by one amino acid.
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Source/Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Purification</b>	Immunogen affinity purified
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	WB, IHCP
<b>Format</b>	Lyophilized
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Preservative</b>	None
<b>Storage</b>	Stable for 1 year at -20°C and 3 months at 4°C. For maximum recovery of the product, centrifuge the original vial after thawing and before removing the cap. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

## BACKGROUND

<b>Introduction</b>	MYD88, MYELOID DIFFERENTIATION PRIMARY RESPONSE GENE 88, is a protein that, in humans, is encoded by the MYD88 gene. MyD88 is a key downstream adapter for most Toll-like receptors (TLRs) and interleukin-1 receptors (IL1Rs). And it is mapped on 3p22.2. MYD88 encodes a cytosolic adapter protein that plays a central role in the innate and adaptive immune
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response. This protein functions as an essential signal transducer in the interleukin-1 and Toll-like receptor signaling pathways. Qverexpression of MYD88 caused an increase in the level of transcription from the interleukin-8 promoter. The C-terminal domain of MYD88 has significant sequence similarity to the cytoplasmic domain of IL1RAP. Inhibiting the IL1R-MYD88 pathway in vivo could block the damage from acute inflammation that occurs in response to sterile cell death, and do so in a way that might not compromise tissue repair or host defense against pathogens.

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## GENE INFORMATION

Entrez Gene ID	<a href="#">4615</a>
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UniProt ID	<a href="#">Q99836</a>
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