



Mouse anti-Human CYP46A1 monoclonal antibody, clone 3C6 (CABT-B10058)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Immunogen	CYP46A1 (NP_006659, 201 a.a. ~ 301 a.a.) partial recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.
Isotype	IgG1
Source/Host	Mouse
Species Reactivity	Human
Clone	3C6
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Applications	WB, IP, sELISA, ELISA
Sequence Similarities	TSMLLGAQKPLSQAVKLMLEGITASRNTLAKFLPGKRKQLREVRESIRFLRQVGRDWVQR RREALKRGE EVPADILTQILKAEEGAQDDEGLLDNFVTFF*
Format	Liquid
Size	100 µg
Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.2
Storage	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

BACKGROUND

Introduction	This gene encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in
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drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This endoplasmic reticulum protein is expressed in the brain, where it converts cholesterol to 24S-hydroxycholesterol. While cholesterol cannot pass the blood-brain barrier, 24S-hydroxycholesterol can be secreted in the brain into the circulation to be returned to the liver for catabolism. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Keywords	CYP46A1; cytochrome P450, family 46, subfamily A, polypeptide 1; CP46; CYP46; cholesterol 24-hydroxylase; CH24H; cytochrome P450 46A1; cytochrome P450, subfamily 46 (cholesterol 24-hydroxylase);
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GENE INFORMATION

Entrez Gene ID	10858
UniProt ID	Q9Y6A2
Pathway	Bile acid and bile salt metabolism, organism-specific biosystem; Biological oxidations, organism-specific biosystem; Cytochrome P450 - arranged by substrate type, organism-specific biosystem; Endogenous sterols, organism-specific biosystem; Metabolism of lipids and lipoproteins, organism-specific biosystem; Phase 1 - Functionalization of compounds, organism-specific biosystem
Function	cholesterol 24-hydroxylase activity; electron carrier activity; heme binding; metal ion binding; oxidoreductase activity, acting on paired donors, with incorporation or reduction of molecular oxygen; steroid hydroxylase activity
