



# Mouse Anti-Human Integrin Alpha V Beta 3 monoclonal antibody, clone 23C6 (CABT-752319MH)

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Immunogen</b>	Human Integrin Alpha V Beta 3
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1, κ
<b>Source/Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Species Reactivity</b>	Human, African Green, Chicken, Cynomolgus, Rabbit
<b>Clone</b>	23C6
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography
<b>Conjugate</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Applications</b>	FC, ICC, IHC-F, IP, BL
<b>Format</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	Lot specific
<b>Size</b>	100 µg
<b>Buffer</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
<b>Preservative</b>	0.09% sodium azide
<b>Storage</b>	Storage at 2–8 °C
<b>Ship</b>	Wet ice

# BACKGROUND

## Introduction

CD51/CD61 is an integrin complex known as  $\alpha V\beta 3$ . It is expressed at high levels on osteoclasts, endothelial cells, and melanoma cells and at low levels on platelets and macrophages. CD51 is a heterodimer composed of disulfide-linked 125 kD and 24 kD proteins. CD61 is also a member of the integrin family known as gpIIa or  $\beta 3$  integrin. It is a 110 kD common  $\beta$  subunit of CD51/CD61 or CD41/CD61 complex. CD51/CD61, also known as the vitronectin receptor, mediates the binding of platelets to immobilized vitronectin without prior activation. Other ligands include RGD-containing proteins such as fibrinogen, fibronectin, von Willebrand factor (vWF), laminin, thrombospondin and the neural adhesion molecule L1. CD51/CD61 also mediates cell-cell adhesion via interaction with CD31. CD51/CD61 acts as an activation-independent receptor for platelet attachment and spreading on vitronectin and other RGD-containing proteins, including matrix components.

## Keywords

Vitronectin receptor; Integrin  $\alpha V\beta 3$ ; ITGAV; ITGB3